When it comes to being physically active with your child, whenever possible:

1. **Actively participate!** Try to join in to whatever activity your children are doing such as hopping, crab-walking, stomping, slithering and leaping through the living room, even if just for a short time. Every minute being active counts. For older kids, that may mean playing catch, shooting hoops, walking or jogging along with them as they train for a sport.

2. **Cultivate a positive attitude about being active.** Take time for yourself to move and make it fun! Remember that littles learn through their senses. What they see and hear from their adult caregivers about physical activity, along with what they experience first-hand, becomes what they know and live. This gives us a real responsibility and opportunity. Older kids may be more likely to take on the attitude of their peers toward physical activity, but your influence is still important.

3. **For young children, use words to describe what the parts of our bodies are doing in order to move: how we’re moving, where we’re moving, and with whom.** Our descriptive language helps children to make connections between their body and brain. Kids also learn new words by interacting with us. Child development experts say children need repeated exposures to words in various contexts.

Try narrating the action, much like a sportscaster would describe the play-by-play of a sports event. It may feel silly at first, but try it! Here’s an example, if your child is pretending to ice skate in the living room: “Both of your feet are gliding across the floor so quickly!” (Part of body= feet, what part of body is doing=gliding, how body is moving=quickly, where body is moving=across the floor). We can include infants, toddlers, and young children as we do household chores and yardwork, as well as structured exercise efforts, in a similar way. Describing what you’re doing as you do it, and she’ll try her best to move along.

4. **Use the magic of music and movement for younger children.** Songs are a great way to help young children gain body awareness. For example, to help your child learn about how their body parts are “connected”, the songs and movements of “Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes” and “Dem Bones” (aka “Your head bone’s connected to your neck bone...”) are an easy choice. Music and movement is something magical for young children!

Involving the entire family in active games and household chores. Let your child(ren) see you moving and having fun. It will help them grow in every way!

**Source:**
Move Your Way, Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health, Office of the Secretary, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: [https://health.gov/moveyourway#parents](https://health.gov/moveyourway#parents)

For more information check out Family Fun on the Run at: [http://go.unl.edu/familyrun](http://go.unl.edu/familyrun)

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